

Duration: 3 Hours

Total marks: 75

N.B.: 1. All questions are compulsory
2. Figures to right indicate full marks.

Q.I Multiple Choice Questions (Answer all) 20

1 Which of the following is not scale up process 1

- a) Laboratory to pilot scale
- b) Pilot to industrial scale
- c) Industry to pilot scale
- d) Laboratory to industrial scale

2 Rapid mixer granulators are used in 1

- a) Wet granulation
- b) Dry granulation
- c) Compression granulation
- d) Direct compression

**3 Changes in the technical grade of excipients, comes under 1
_____ as per SUPAC guidelines**

- a) Level 1
- b) Level 2
- c) Level 3
- d) Level 4

4 A group of Technologies that are used as base upon which other technologies or processes are developed is 1

- a) PAT Technology
- b) QBD Technology
- c) Platform Technology
- d) Platinum Technology

5 Slugging is used for 1

- a) Ingredients which can be directly compresses
- b) Ingredients which cannot be directly compressed
- c) Ingredients which are stable to heat and moisture
- d) Ingredients with excellent flow property

6 Technology transfer guidelines issued by 1

- a) MHRA
- b) WHO
- c) FDA
- d) CSCO

7 BMR stands for 1

- a) Batch Manufacturing Record
- b) Batch Marketing Record
- c) Batch Marketing Report
- d) Batch Manufacturing Report

8 Following ICH guideline mentions about product development 1

- a) Q4
- b) Q8
- c) Q9
- d) Q10

9 NRDC implies 1

- a) National Revenue Development Council
- b) National Research Development Council
- c) National Research Design Council
- d) National Revenue Design Council

10 Module 3 of NDA dossier as per CTD format includes 1

- a) Clinical study reports
- b) Quality overall summary
- c) Preclinical study reports
- d) Administrative information

11 The objective of Phase III clinical trial study is 1

- a) To assess safety of drug
- b) To assess efficacy of drug
- c) To assess bioavailability of drug
- d) To assess safety and efficacy of drug

12 Safety Pharmacology studies are part of 1

- a) Clinical study
- b) Preclinical study
- c) Bioequivalence study
- d) Bioavailability study

13 In Clinical Research CRF implies 1

- a) Clinical Report Form
- b) Case Report form
- c) Compliance report form
- d) Candidate report form

14 Institutional Ethics Committee approves 1

- a) Protocol involving study on animals
- b) Protocol involving study on cell lines
- c) Protocol involving study on humans
- d) Protocol involving study on pathogens

15 In QbD the term CQA stands for 1

- a) Critical Quantitative Attainment
- b) Cumulative Quality Attributes
- c) Critical Quality Attributes
- d) Cumulative Quantitative Attributes

16 Which of the following parameters relates to the “Six sigma approach” 1

- a) Errors
- b) Cost
- c) Safety
- d) Defects

17 _____ is a series of certification for international environmental management standards 1

- a) ISO 9000
- b) ISO 14000
- c) ISO 27000
- d) ISO 13000

18 In CTD which of the following Modules is region specific 1

- a) Module 1
- b) Module 2
- c) Module 3
- d) Module 4

19 DCGI stands for 1

- a) Deputy Commissioner General of India
- b) Drug Controller General of India
- c) Drug Commissioner General of India
- d) Deputy Controller General of India

20 Which one of the following is the first document of submissions made in approval of a new drug 1

- a) Post marketing surveillance data
- b) Bioequivalence studies
- c) Chemistry, manufacturing and controls
- d) Onsite visit of facility

QII Answer the following (any two) 20

- 1 Give the detailed account of Pilot plant scale up of Tablet. 10
- 2 Describe in details the goals and phases of technology transfer 10
- 3 Differentiate between NDA and ANDA. Describe in details contents of ANDA 10

QIII Answer the following (any seven) 35

- 1 Explain the SUPAC guidelines for the change of manufacture site for immediate release products. 5
- 2 Mention in brief the role and responsibilities of Sending unit in technology transfer 5
- 3 Enlist different technology transfer agencies in India and describe objectives and functions of any one agency 5
- 4 Describe in brief the scope and contents of Investigator's brochure 5
- 5 Elaborate on the elements of QbD as a part of QMS 5
- 6 Explain the objective and principles of GLP 5
- 7 Define OOS and explain methods to handle or investigate an OOS 5
- 8 What is CDSCO and explain in brief its organization and responsibilities. 5
- 9 Discuss the importance of Certificate of Pharmaceutical Product 5

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